

## NEW INEQUALITIES FOR CO-ORDINATED CONVEX FUNCTIONS

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ABSTRACT. We provide some new Hermite-Hadamard type inequalities for co-ordinated convex functions.

### 1. INTRODUCTION

The Hermite-Hadamard inequality states that if a function  $f : I \subseteq \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is convex, then one has

$$(1.1) \quad f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right) \leq \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x)dx \leq \frac{f(a)+f(b)}{2},$$

where  $a, b \in I$  with  $a < b$ . Both inequalities hold in reversed direction if  $f$  is concave.

Since 1893 when Hadamard proved his famous inequality, many mathematicians have been working about and around it, in many different directions and with a lot of applications (see, for instance, [1], [3], [4], [5], [6], [7], and the references therein).

**Definition 1.** [3] *Let us consider the bidimensional interval  $\Delta = [a, b] \times [c, d]$  in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  with  $a < b, c < d$ . A function  $f : \Delta \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  will be called convex on the co-ordinates if the partial mappings  $f_y : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $f_y(u) = f(u, y)$  and  $f_x : [c, d] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $f_x(v) = f(x, v)$  are convex where defined for all  $y \in [c, d]$  and  $x \in [a, b]$ . Recall mapping  $f : \Delta \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is convex on  $\Delta$  if the following inequality holds,*

$$f(tx + (1-t)y, su + (1-s)w) \leq tsf(x, u) + t(1-s)f(x, w) \\ + s(1-t)f(y, u) + (1-t)(1-s)f(y, w)$$

for all  $(x, u), (y, w) \in \Delta$  and  $t, s \in [0, 1]$ .

In [6], Dragomir established the following inequalities of Hadamard's type for co-ordinated convex functions on a rectangle from the plane  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .

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**Theorem 1.** *Suppose that  $f : \Delta = [a, b] \times [c, d] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a convex on the co-ordinates on  $\Delta$ . Then one has the inequalities:*

$$\begin{aligned}
f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2}\right) &\leq \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f\left(x, \frac{c+d}{2}\right) dx + \frac{1}{d-c} \int_c^d f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}, y\right) dy \right] \\
&\leq \frac{1}{(b-a)(d-c)} \int_a^b \int_c^d f(x, y) dx dy \\
&\leq \frac{1}{4} \left[ \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x, c) dx + \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x, d) dx \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{1}{d-c} \int_c^d f(a, y) dy + \frac{1}{d-c} \int_c^d f(b, y) dy \right] \\
&\leq \frac{f(a, c) + f(a, d) + f(b, c) + f(b, d)}{4}
\end{aligned}$$

The above inequalities are sharp.

The purpose of our paper is to establish some Hermite-Hadamard type inequalities for co-ordinated convex functions.

## 2. MAIN RESULTS

We assume throughout the present paper that  $\Delta = [a, b] \times [c, d]$  in  $[0, \infty)^2$  and  $f : \Delta \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a differentiable mapping on  $\Delta$  and  $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial s \partial t} \in L^1(\Delta)$ , where  $\alpha, \beta > 0$ .

In order to prove our main results we need the following lemma.

**Lemma 1.** *It holds*

$$\begin{aligned}
&\frac{f(a, c) + f(a, d) + f(b, c) + f(b, d)}{4} + \int_a^b \int_c^d f(u, v) dv du \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b (f(u, c) + f(u, d)) du + \frac{1}{d-c} \int_c^d (f(a, v) + f(b, v)) dv \right] \\
&\quad = \frac{(b-a)(d-c)}{16} \\
&\quad \quad \times \left[ \int_0^1 \int_0^1 ts \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( ta + (1-t) \frac{a+b}{2}, sc + (1-s) \frac{c+d}{2} \right) ds dt \right. \\
&\quad + \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (t-1)(s-1) \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( t \frac{a+b}{2} + (1-t)b, s \frac{c+d}{2} + (1-s)d \right) ds dt \\
&\quad + \int_0^1 \int_0^1 t(s-1) \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( ta + (1-t) \frac{a+b}{2}, s \frac{c+d}{2} + (1-s)d \right) ds dt \\
&\quad \left. + \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (t-1)s \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( t \frac{a+b}{2} + (1-t)b, sc + (1-s) \frac{c+d}{2} \right) ds dt \right],
\end{aligned}$$

for all  $t, s \in [0, 1]$ .

*Proof.* Calculate the four integrals by parts and change of variables  $u = t\frac{a+b}{2} + (1-t)a$ ,  $v = s\frac{c+d}{2} + (1-s)c$  and similar such

$$\begin{aligned}
I_1 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 ts \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( ta + (1-t)\frac{a+b}{2}, sc + (1-s)\frac{c+d}{2} \right) ds dt \\
&= \int_0^1 t \left[ \int_0^1 s \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( ta + (1-t)\frac{a+b}{2}, sc + (1-s)\frac{c+d}{2} \right) ds \right] dt \\
&= -\frac{2}{d-c} \int_0^1 t \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \left( ta + (1-t)\frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) dt \\
&\quad + \frac{2}{d-c} \int_0^1 \left[ \int_0^1 t \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \left( ta + (1-t)\frac{a+b}{2}, sc + (1-s)\frac{c+d}{2} \right) dt \right] ds \\
&= \frac{4}{(b-a)(d-c)} f(a, c) - \frac{4}{(b-a)(d-c)} \int_0^1 f \left( ta + (1-t)\frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) dt \\
&\quad - \frac{4}{(b-a)(d-c)} \int_0^1 f \left( a, sc + (1-s)\frac{c+d}{2} \right) ds \\
&\quad + \frac{4}{(b-a)(d-c)} \int_0^1 f \left( ta + (1-t)\frac{a+b}{2}, sc + (1-s)\frac{c+d}{2} \right) ds dt \\
&= \frac{4}{(b-a)(d-c)} f(a, c) + \frac{8}{(b-a)^2(d-c)} \int_{\frac{a+b}{2}}^a f(u, c) du \\
&\quad + \frac{8}{(b-a)(d-c)^2} \int_{\frac{c+d}{2}}^c f(a, v) dv + \frac{16}{(b-a)^2(d-c)^2} \int_{\frac{a+b}{2}}^a \int_{\frac{c+d}{2}}^c f(u, v) dudv.
\end{aligned}$$

Similarly,

$$\begin{aligned}
I_2 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (t-1)(s-1) \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( t\frac{a+b}{2} + (1-t)b, s\frac{c+d}{2} + (1-s)d \right) ds dt \\
&= \frac{4}{(b-a)(d-c)} f(b, d) - \frac{8}{(b-a)^2(d-c)} \int_{\frac{a+b}{2}}^b f(u, d) du \\
&\quad - \frac{8}{(b-a)(d-c)^2} \int_{\frac{c+d}{2}}^d f(b, v) dv + \frac{16}{(b-a)^2(d-c)^2} \int_{\frac{a+b}{2}}^b \int_{\frac{c+d}{2}}^d f(u, v) dudv
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
I_3 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 t(s-1) \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( ta + (1-t)\frac{a+b}{2}, s\frac{c+d}{2} + (1-s)d \right) ds dt \\
&= \frac{4}{(b-a)(d-c)} f(a, d) - \frac{8}{(b-a)^2(d-c)} \int_a^{\frac{a+b}{2}} f(u, d) du \\
&\quad - \frac{8}{(b-a)(d-c)^2} \int_{\frac{c+d}{2}}^d f(a, v) dv + \frac{16}{(b-a)^2(d-c)^2} \int_a^{\frac{a+b}{2}} \int_{\frac{c+d}{2}}^d f(u, v) dudv
\end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
I_4 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (t-1)s \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( t \frac{a+b}{2} + (1-t)b, sc + (1-s) \frac{c+d}{2} \right) ds dt \\
&= \frac{4}{(b-a)(d-c)} f(b, c) - \frac{8}{(b-a)^2(d-c)} \int_{\frac{a+b}{2}}^b f(u, c) du \\
&\quad - \frac{8}{(b-a)(d-c)^2} \int_c^{\frac{c+d}{2}} f(b, v) dv + \frac{16}{(b-a)^2(d-c)^2} \int_{\frac{a+b}{2}}^b \int_c^{\frac{c+d}{2}} f(u, v) dv du.
\end{aligned}$$

This completes the proof.  $\square$

We are now in a position to state and prove the following:

**Theorem 2.** Assume  $\left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \right|$  is co-ordinated convex function on  $\Delta$ . Then the following inequality holds:

$$\begin{aligned}
&\left| \frac{f(a, c) + f(a, d) + f(b, c) + f(b, d)}{4} + \int_a^b \int_c^d f(u, v) dv du \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b (f(u, c) + f(u, d)) du + \frac{1}{d-c} \int_c^d (f(a, v) + f(b, v)) dv \right] \right| \\
&\quad \leq \frac{(b-a)(d-c)}{144} \left[ \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right| + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, d \right) \right| \right. \\
&\quad \quad + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( a, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right| + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( b, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right| + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) \right| \\
&\quad \quad \left. + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (a, c) \right| + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (b, d) \right| + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (a, d) \right| + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (b, c) \right| \right].
\end{aligned}$$

*Proof.* From Lemma 1 and by using the property of modulus, we can write

$$\begin{aligned}
(2.1) \quad &\left| \frac{f(a, c) + f(a, d) + f(b, c) + f(b, d)}{4} + \int_a^b \int_c^d f(u, v) dv du \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b (f(u, c) + f(u, d)) du + \frac{1}{d-c} \int_c^d (f(a, v) + f(b, v)) dv \right] \right| \\
&\quad \leq \frac{(b-a)(d-c)}{16} (J_1 + J_2 + J_3 + J_4),
\end{aligned}$$

where, using convexity on the co-ordinated of  $\left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \right|$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}
J_1 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 ts \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( ta + (1-t) \frac{a+b}{2}, sc + (1-s) \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right| ds dt \\
&\leq \int_0^1 \int_0^1 ts \left[ ts \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (a, c) \right| + t(1-s) \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( a, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right| \right. \\
&\quad \left. + (1-t)s \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) \right| + (1-t)(1-s) \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right| \right] ds dt \\
&= \frac{1}{9} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (a, c) \right| + \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( a, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right| + \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) \right| \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{36} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|.
\end{aligned}$$

Similarly

$$\begin{aligned}
J_2 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (1-t)(1-s) \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( t \frac{a+b}{2} + (1-t)b, s \frac{c+d}{2} + (1-s)d \right) \right| ds dt \\
&\leq \frac{1}{36} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right| + \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, d \right) \right| + \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( b, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right| \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{9} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (b, d) \right|,
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
J_3 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 t(1-s) \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( ta + (1-t) \frac{a+b}{2}, s \frac{c+d}{2} + (1-s)d \right) \right| ds dt \\
&\leq \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( a, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right| + \frac{1}{9} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (a, d) \right| + \frac{1}{36} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right| \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, d \right) \right|
\end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
J_4 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (1-t)s \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( t \frac{a+b}{2} + (1-t)b, sc + (1-s) \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right| ds dt \\
&\leq \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) \right| + \frac{1}{36} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right| + \frac{1}{9} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (b, c) \right| \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( b, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|.
\end{aligned}$$

Considering the results  $J_1, J_2, J_3, J_4$  in (2.1) and making appropriate calculations, we get the conclusion of the Theorem 2.  $\square$

Our next result reads as:

**Theorem 3.** Assume  $\left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \right|^q, q > 1$  is co-ordinated convex function on  $\Delta$ . Then the following inequality holds:

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{f(a, c) + f(a, d) + f(b, c) + f(b, d)}{4} + \int_a^b \int_c^d f(u, v) \, dv \, du \right. \\ & \quad \left. - \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b (f(u, c) + f(u, d)) \, du + \frac{1}{d-c} \int_c^d (f(a, v) + f(b, v)) \, dv \right] \right| \\ & \leq \frac{(b-a)(d-c)}{16 \cdot 4^{1/q}(p+1)^{2/p}} \times \\ & \left\{ \left[ \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}(a, c) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}\left(a, \frac{c+d}{2}\right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}\left(\frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2}\right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}\left(\frac{a+b}{2}, c\right) \right|^q \right]^{1/q} \right. \\ & + \left[ \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}(b, d) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}\left(b, \frac{c+d}{2}\right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}\left(\frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2}\right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}\left(\frac{a+b}{2}, d\right) \right|^q \right]^{1/q} \\ & + \left[ \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}(b, c) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}\left(b, \frac{c+d}{2}\right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}\left(\frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2}\right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}\left(\frac{a+b}{2}, c\right) \right|^q \right]^{1/q} \\ & \left. + \left[ \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}(a, d) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}\left(a, \frac{c+d}{2}\right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}\left(\frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2}\right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s}\left(\frac{a+b}{2}, d\right) \right|^q \right]^{1/q} \right\}, \end{aligned}$$

for  $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1$ .

*Proof.* According to Lemma 1 and Hölder's inequality, we have

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{f(a, c) + f(a, d) + f(b, c) + f(b, d)}{4} + \int_a^b \int_c^d f(u, v) \, dv \, du \right. \\ & \quad \left. - \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b (f(u, c) + f(u, d)) \, du + \frac{1}{d-c} \int_c^d (f(a, v) + f(b, v)) \, dv \right] \right| \\ & \leq \frac{(b-a)(d-c)}{16} \times \\ & \left\{ \left[ \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (ts)^p \, ds \, dt \right]^{1/p} K_1^{1/q} + \left[ \int_0^1 \int_0^1 ((1-t)(1-s))^p \, ds \, dt \right]^{1/p} K_2^{1/q} \right. \\ & \left. + \left[ \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (t(1-s))^p \, ds \, dt \right]^{1/p} K_3^{1/q} + \left[ \int_0^1 \int_0^1 ((1-t)s)^p \, ds \, dt \right]^{1/p} K_4^{1/q} \right\}. \end{aligned}$$

Since  $\left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \right|^q$  is co-ordinated convex function, we have:

$$\begin{aligned} K_1 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( ta + (1-t)\frac{a+b}{2}, sc + (1-s)\frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q ds dt \\ &\leq \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (a, c) \right|^q \int_0^1 \int_0^1 t s ds dt + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( a, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q \int_0^1 \int_0^1 t(1-s) ds dt \\ &+ \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) \right|^q \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (1-t)s ds dt + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (1-t)(1-s) ds dt = \\ &\frac{1}{4} \left[ \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( a, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (a, c) \right|^q \right] \end{aligned}$$

and similarly

$$\begin{aligned} K_2 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( t\frac{a+b}{2} + (1-t)b, s\frac{c+d}{2} + (1-s)d \right) \right|^q ds dt \leq \\ &\frac{1}{4} \left[ \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (b, d) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( b, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, d \right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q \right], \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} K_3 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( ta + (1-t)\frac{a+b}{2}, s\frac{c+d}{2} + (1-s)d \right) \right|^q ds dt \leq \\ &\frac{1}{4} \left[ \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, d \right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (a, d) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( a, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q \right], \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} K_4 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( t\frac{a+b}{2} + (1-t)b, sc + (1-s)\frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q ds dt \leq \\ &\frac{1}{4} \left[ \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( b, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (b, c) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) \right|^q \right]. \end{aligned}$$

A simple computation shows that

$$\begin{aligned} &\int_0^1 \int_0^1 t^p s^p ds dt = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (1-t)^p (1-s)^p ds dt \\ &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 t^p (1-s)^p ds dt = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (1-t)^p s^p ds dt = \frac{1}{(p+1)^2} \end{aligned}$$

and the proof is complete.  $\square$

**Theorem 4.** If  $\left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \right|^q, q > 1$  is co-ordinated convex function on  $\Delta$ , then the following inequality holds:

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{f(a, c) + f(a, d) + f(b, c) + f(b, d)}{4} + \int_a^b \int_c^d f(u, v) \, dv \, du \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b (f(u, c) + f(u, d)) \, du + \frac{1}{d-c} \int_c^d (f(a, v) + f(b, v)) \, dv \right] \right| \\ & \leq \frac{(b-a)(d-c)}{64 \cdot 3^{2/q}} \times \\ & \left\{ \left[ \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + 2 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) \right|^q \right. \right. \\ & \quad + 2 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( a, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + 4 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (a, c) \right|^{q-1/q} \\ & \quad \left. \left. + \left[ 4 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (b, d) \right|^q + 2 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( b, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q \right. \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. + 2 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, d \right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^{q-1/q} \right] \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left[ 2 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, d \right) \right|^q + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. + 4 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (a, d) \right|^q + 2 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( a, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^{q-1/q} \right] \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left[ 2 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( b, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + 4 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (b, c) \right|^q \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + 2 \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) \right|^{q-1/q} \right] \right\}, \end{aligned}$$

where  $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1$ .

*Proof.* Using Lemma 1 and the power mean inequality, we have

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{f(a, c) + f(a, d) + f(b, c) + f(b, d)}{4} + \int_a^b \int_c^d f(u, v) \, dv \, du \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b (f(u, c) + f(u, d)) \, du + \frac{1}{d-c} \int_c^d (f(a, v) + f(b, v)) \, dv \right] \right| \\ & \leq \frac{(b-a)(d-c)}{16} \times \\ & \left\{ \left[ \int_0^1 \int_0^1 t s \, ds \, dt \right]^{1/p} M_1^{1/q} + \left[ \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (1-t)(1-s) \, ds \, dt \right]^{1/p} M_2^{1/q} \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left[ \int_0^1 \int_0^1 t(1-s) \, ds \, dt \right]^{1/p} M_3^{1/q} + \left[ \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (1-t)s \, ds \, dt \right]^{1/p} M_4^{1/q} \right\}. \end{aligned}$$



Since  $\left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \right|^q$  is co-ordinated convex function, we have:

$$\begin{aligned}
M_1 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 ts \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( ta + (1-t)\frac{a+b}{2}, sc + (1-s)\frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q ds dt \\
&\leq \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (a, c) \right|^q \int_0^1 \int_0^1 t^2 s^2 ds dt \\
&\quad + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( a, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q \int_0^1 \int_0^1 t^2 (s-s^2) ds dt \\
&\quad + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) \right|^q \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (t-t^2) s^2 ds dt \\
&\quad + \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (t-t^2)(s-s^2) ds dt \\
&= \frac{1}{36} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) \right|^q \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( a, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + \frac{1}{9} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (a, c) \right|^q
\end{aligned}$$

and similarly

$$\begin{aligned}
M_2 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (1-t)(1-s) \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( t\frac{a+b}{2} + (1-t)b, s\frac{c+d}{2} + (1-s)d \right) \right|^q ds dt \\
&\leq \frac{1}{9} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (b, d) \right|^q + \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( b, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, d \right) \right|^q \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{36} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q,
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
M_3 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 t(1-s) \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( ta + (1-t)\frac{a+b}{2}, s\frac{c+d}{2} + (1-s)d \right) \right|^q ds dt \\
&\leq \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, d \right) \right|^q + \frac{1}{36} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + \frac{1}{9} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (a, d) \right|^q \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( a, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q,
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
M_4 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (1-t)s \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( t\frac{a+b}{2} + (1-t)b, sc + (1-s)\frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q ds dt \\
&\leq \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( b, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + \frac{1}{36} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, \frac{c+d}{2} \right) \right|^q + \frac{1}{9} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} (b, c) \right|^q \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{18} \left| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \left( \frac{a+b}{2}, c \right) \right|^q.
\end{aligned}$$

Hence the proof of the theorem is complete.  $\square$

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