

RESEARCH GROUP IN MATHEMATICAL INEQUALITIES AND APPLICATIONS

PROBLEM CORNER

Problem 4, (2008), Solution No. 1

Manh Dung Nguyen and Duy Khanh Nguyen

Students, Hanoi University of Science
182 Luong The Vinh Street, Thanh Xuan District
Hanoi, Vietnam

Email: nguyendunghus@gmail.com

Received: 01 December, 2008

Problem 4. Let a, b, c be the sides of $\triangle ABC$. Prove that

$$\sum \frac{a}{b+c} \left(\tan^4 \frac{B}{2} + \tan^4 \frac{C}{2} \right) \geq \frac{1}{3}$$

Solution. First, let us prove a lemma.

Lemma 1. For any $a, b, c, x, y, z > 0$ we have

$$\frac{a}{b+c} (y+z) + \frac{b}{c+a} (z+x) + \frac{c}{a+b} (x+y) \geq \sqrt{3(xy+yz+zx)}$$

Proof. . Because the inequality is homogeneous in x, y, z we can assume that $x + y + z = 1$. We rewrite the inequality as follows

$$\frac{a}{b+c} + \frac{b}{c+a} + \frac{c}{a+b} \geq \frac{a}{b+c}x + \frac{b}{c+a}y + \frac{c}{a+b}z + \sqrt{3(xy+yz+zx)}$$

But then we can apply the **Cauchy-Schwarz Inequality** so that to obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a}{b+c}x + \frac{b}{c+a}y + \frac{c}{a+b}z + \sqrt{3(xy+yz+zx)} \\
& \leq \sqrt{\sum \left(\frac{a}{b+c}\right)^2} \sqrt{\sum x^2} + \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{\sum xy} + \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{\sum xy} \\
& \leq \sqrt{\sum \left(\frac{a}{b+c}\right)^2 + \frac{3}{2} \sum x^2 + 2 \sum xy} = \sqrt{\sum \left(\frac{a}{b+c}\right)^2 + \frac{3}{2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Thus, we are left with the inequality

$$\sqrt{\sum \left(\frac{a}{b+c}\right)^2 + \frac{3}{2}} \leq \sum \frac{a}{b+c}$$

But this one is equivalent to

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum \frac{ab}{(c+a)(c+b)} \geq \frac{3}{4} \\
& \Leftrightarrow 4 \sum ab(a+b) \geq 3(a+b)(b+c)(c+a) \\
& \Leftrightarrow a^2b + b^2c + c^2a = ab^2 + bc^2 + ca^2 \geq 6abc
\end{aligned}$$

which is true from the **AM-GM Inequality**. □

Now let us turn back to the solution of the problem, let

$$\tan^4 \frac{A}{2} = x, \tan^4 \frac{B}{2} = y, \tan^4 \frac{C}{2} = z$$

By the **Holder's Inequality**, we have

$$27(xy+yz+zx) = 27 \sum \left(\tan \frac{A}{2} \tan \frac{B}{2}\right)^4 \geq \left(\sum \left(\tan \frac{A}{2} \tan \frac{B}{2}\right)\right)^4 = 1$$

According to the **lemma** we have

$$\sum \frac{a}{b+c} \left(\tan^4 \frac{B}{2} + \tan^4 \frac{C}{2}\right) \geq \sqrt{3(xy+yz+zx)} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Equality holds if and only if $A = B = C = 60^\circ$.

References

- [1] Pham Huu Duc , An unexpectedly useful inequality, *Mathematical Reflections*, **vol 1**(2008),
- [2] Tran Quang Hung , On some geometric inequalities, *Mathematical Reflections*, **vol 3**(2008),
- [3] Andreescu T., Cartoaje V., Dospinescu G., Lascu M., *Old and new inequalities*, GIL Publ. House, Romania, 2004.